

# Homework 1

Algorithms on Directed Graphs, Winter 2018/9

Due: 11.1.2018 by 16:00

Throughout this sheet, we will take  $G = (V, E)$  to be a directed path of length  $n + 1$ . That is,  $V = [n + 1]$ , and  $E = \{(i, i + 1) \mid i \in [n]\}$ . The load of buffer  $i$  during round  $t$  is denoted by  $L^t(i)$ . For a subset  $I \subseteq [n]$  we write  $L^t(I) = \sum_{i \in I} L^t(i)$ . An **adversary**  $A$  is a sequence  $a_1, a_2, \dots$  where each  $a_t \in [n]$  is the location of the packet injection in round  $t$ . All packets must be delivered to node  $n + 1$ .

**Exercise 1.** Consider the greedy forwarding algorithm: for each time  $t$  and  $i \in [n]$ , buffer  $i$  forwards a packet if and only if  $L^t(i) > 0$ .

- (a) Prove that for any adversary  $A$  and for each round  $t$ , the total number of packets in the network satisfies  $L^t([n]) \leq n$ .
- (b) Show that there exists an adversary  $A$  (i.e. an injection pattern) and buffer  $i$  for which  $L^t(i) = n$ .

*Hint: For part (a) argue by induction on  $i$  that the number of packets in  $[i]$  satisfies  $L^t([i]) \leq i$ .*

**Exercise 2.** Consider the following centralized forwarding algorithm: in each round  $t$  all non-empty buffers  $i \geq a_t$  simultaneously forward (recall that  $a_t$  is the location of  $A$ 's injection in round  $t$ ). Prove that for all  $i \in [n]$  and  $t \in \mathbf{N}$  we have  $L^t(i) \leq 2$ .

Recall the Odd-Even Downhill (OED) forwarding protocol, defined as follows: For each  $t \in \mathbf{N}$  and  $i \in [n]$ , buffer  $i$  forwards in round  $t$  if and only if one of the following conditions hold:

- $L^t(i) > L^t(i + 1)$
- $L^t(i) = L^t(i + 1)$  and  $L^t(i)$  is odd.

**Exercise 3.** Prove that for any adversary  $A$ , OED forwarding maintains  $L^t([i]) \leq i$  for all  $i \in [n]$  and all rounds  $t$ . In particular, the total number of packets stored in all buffers of the network is at most  $n$ .

**Exercise 4.** Suppose each buffer in the network is modeled as a last-in, first out (LIFO) queue (or stack). The **height** of a packet in a buffer is one plus the number of packets below it in the buffer. (Thus, if a buffer  $i$  with load

$L^t(i)$  forwards a packet, the unique packet at height  $h = L^t(i)$  is the one which is forwarded.) Suppose that in some round  $t$  a packet  $P$  is at height  $h(t)$  in some buffer  $i$ . Prove that for all  $s \geq t$  the height  $h(s)$  of  $P$  in round  $s$  satisfies

$$h(s) \leq \begin{cases} h(t) & \text{if } h(t) \text{ is even} \\ h(t) + 1 & \text{if } h(t) \text{ is odd.} \end{cases}$$

*Hint: Note that for LIFO queues, the height of a packet  $P$  only changes when the packet is forwarded.*